

Universities Academic Pension Plan

MEMBER HANDBOOK

2026

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INTRODUCTION

UAPP is a defined benefit plan, which means your pension is based on your *highest average salary* and the number of years of your *pensionable service*.

This Member Handbook provides a brief overview of the benefits and choices available to you under the Universities Academic Pension Plan (UAPP). Please read it carefully so that you can take full advantage of your membership in the pension plan. Words appearing in *italics* are defined in the GLOSSARY at the back of the Handbook.

The UAPP was established in 1978 for the academic and professional staff of Alberta universities and Banff Centre. **UAPP is a defined benefit plan, which means the pension is based on your *highest average salary* and the number of years of your *pensionable service*.** This type of pension plan enables you to plan for your retirement because you can estimate your future pension income in relation to your *salary*. The pension plan provides you with a pre-defined lifetime income, regardless of capital market conditions and how long you live.

Words appearing in *italics* are defined in the Glossary.

The UAPP is financed by employee and employer contributions, and by investment earnings. The Government of Alberta also makes contributions towards eliminating the *unfunded liability* for service before 1992.

The Board of Trustees, as established under the Sponsorship and Trust Agreement, is the trustee of the UAPP. Effective May 4, 2026, plan administration services are provided internally by UAPP. The Board of Trustees has contracted with CIBC Mellon to provide pensioner payroll services, and Alberta Investment Management Corporation, Beutel Goodman, Connor Clark & Lunn, Fiera Capital, Leith Wheeler, PineStone, and North of South Capital to provide asset management services. The UAPP's diversified portfolio includes long and short-term bonds, real return bonds, domestic and foreign public equity, private equity, real estate, and infrastructure investments.

UAPP WEBSITE

The UAPP maintains a comprehensive website uapp.ca. This Member Handbook is posted on the site under “[Publications](#)”. On the website, you will also find documents such as [Information Sheets](#) on selected topics, the [Sponsorship and Trust Agreement](#), the [Annual Report](#) containing the latest financial statements for the UAPP, the [Actuarial Valuation Report](#), and quarterly Communiqués. There is a “[News](#)” section for recent news, a section providing useful “[links](#)”, and a list of contact information for the various parties involved in the UAPP.

INFORMATION SHEETS



Information Sheets, which provide more details on many of the topics introduced in this Member Handbook, are available from the UAPP website at uapp.ca under “[Publications](#)”. You will find the "information sheet icon" (shown to the left) throughout the Handbook beside the corresponding topic.

PLAN MEMBER PORTAL

You can access the Plan Member Portal through the UAPP website. The Portal allows active members to view their annual member statements, estimate their UAPP pension, and send secure messages to UAPP. It also provides some assistance in general financial planning based on your other retirement savings and the maximum CPP and OAS amounts. The Portal uses real member data, so a User Name, password, and multi-factor authentication are required for access. You can self-register and reset your own password. Please call UAPP at 1.888.339.1546 (toll-free within North America) or 1.780.612.4259 (collect, outside North America) if you need assistance.

Once you become a member of the UAPP, the only decision that you need to make about your participation is whether you wish to purchase any eligible prior service or a period of leave. That decision must be made within two years of receiving a tenured contract or commencing continuous employment, whether you are purchasing prior service or returning from a period of leave.

CONTACTS FOR MORE INFORMATION

PENSION BENEFITS ADMINISTRATION

#1850, 10303 Jasper Avenue

Edmonton, AB T5J 3N6

Phone: 1.888.339.1546 toll-free (North America)

Phone: 1.780.612.4259 collect (elsewhere)

Fax: 780.415.8871

Email: uapp@uapp.ca

uapp.ca

PENSIONER PAYROLL SERVICES PROVIDER

CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company

Pension Benefits Department

PO Box 5858, Station B

London, ON N6A 6H2

Phone: 1.800.565.0479 toll-free (North America)

Phone: 1.519.873.2218 collect (elsewhere)

cibcmellon.com

EMPLOYER HUMAN RESOURCES DEPARTMENTS

University of Alberta 780.492.8000

University of Calgary 403.220.5461 totalrewards@ucalgary.ca

University of Lethbridge 403.329.2274 pension.benefits@uleth.ca

Athabasca University compben@athabascau.ca

Banff Centre 403.762.6199 human_resources@banffcentre.ca

This Member Handbook has been designed to provide UAPP members with general information about the pension plan. Should anything in this Handbook conflict with the Sponsorship and Trust Agreement or provincial or federal legislation, the Agreement and/or legislation shall apply.

PLAN GOVERNANCE

Until December 31, 2000, the UAPP was established through a separate provincial statute, and the Provincial Treasurer of Alberta was the trustee of the pension plan. Effective January 1, 2001, the UAPP became a non-statutory pension plan subject to the Employment Pension Plans Act of Alberta. The pension plan is now established through a **Sponsorship** and Trust Agreement signed by the Plan Sponsors. The Plan Text, which describes the benefits to be provided under the UAPP, forms part of the Sponsorship and Trust Agreement.

THE PLAN SPONSORS

The Plan Sponsors are the boards of governors and the faculty associations of the University of Alberta, University of Calgary, University of Lethbridge, Athabasca University, and Banff Centre. The Plan Sponsors' responsibilities include appointing members to the Board of Trustees, approving changes to pension plan benefits, and amending the Sponsorship and Trust Agreement.

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The Board is made up of five employer nominees and four employee nominees. However, the total votes carried by the employer nominees are the same as those carried by the employee nominees. The position of Chair and Vice-Chair of the Board rotates every two years between employer and employee nominees. When the Chair is an employer nominee, the Vice-Chair is an employee nominee, and vice versa. The Board's responsibilities include administration of the UAPP, investment of pension plan funds, setting contribution rates required to fund the plan, and making recommendations regarding plan changes for consideration by Plan Sponsors.

JOINING THE PENSION PLAN

To participate in the UAPP, you must be employed by a participating employer in either:

- an academic position, or
- a senior administrative or research position that has been designated as eligible.

If you are a full-time permanent employee in an eligible position, you join the UAPP on your date of hire. If you are employed on any other basis, please contact your employer's Human Resources Department regarding your eligibility to join the pension plan. Your employer will enroll you in the UAPP if you are eligible to participate.

THE UAPP FUND

All contributions made by members and their employers go directly into the UAPP pension fund (Fund). These contributions are invested in a diversified portfolio of assets based on the UAPP's [Statement of Investment Policies & Goals](#), and in accordance with applicable legislation. All pension benefits and administrative costs are paid from the Fund. You will find a copy of the [Statement of Investment Policies & Goals](#) on the UAPP website at uapp.ca under "[Publications](#)".

Remember, academic members have two years from the date of receiving a tenured contract with a participating employer to purchase prior service. Non-academic members have two years from the date of commencement of continuous employment to purchase prior service. Members have two years from the date of returning from a period of leave to purchase that period. Therefore, make sure you purchase service within the timeline applicable to you.

An [actuarial valuation](#) of the UAPP is undertaken at least once every three years. The *actuarial valuation* estimates the accrued liability of the pension plan for all members for service rendered to the date of the valuation and compares this total liability to the Fund's assets. It also estimates the annual contributions required to pay for future service under the pension plan. Following a valuation, the Board of Trustees may adjust the existing contribution rates to meet the funding requirements of the UAPP. The most recent *Actuarial Valuation Report* is at December 31, 2024 and can be found on the UAPP website at uapp.ca under "[Publications](#)".

CONTRIBUTION RATES

A. ON SALARY UP TO THE PENSIONABLE SALARY CAP (\$218,991.11 IN 2026)

Prior to July 1, 2026, contribution rates on *salary* up to the *pensionable salary cap* are as follows:
UNIVERSITIES OF ALBERTA, CALGARY, AND LETHBRIDGE

- Member rates are 11.49% of *salary* up to the *YMPE* and 15.55% of *salary* above the *YMPE*. Effective July 1, 2026, these rates change to 11.02% of *salary* up to the *YMPE* and 14.84% of *salary* above the *YMPE*.
- The employer matches member contributions.

ATHABASCA UNIVERSITY AND BANFF CENTRE

- Member rates are 10.99% of *salary* up to the *YMPE* and 15.05% of *salary* above the *YMPE*. Effective July 1, 2026, these rates change to 10.52% of *salary* up to the *YMPE* and 14.34% of *salary* above the *YMPE*.
- Employer rates are 11.99% of *salary* up to the *YMPE* and 16.05% of *salary* above the *YMPE*. Effective July 1, 2026, these rates change to 11.52% of *salary* up to the *YMPE* and 15.34% of *salary* above the *YMPE*.

Staff at the UAPP Trustees' Office and professional staff at The University of Calgary Faculty Association (TUCFA), Athabasca University Faculty Association (AUFA), and the Association of Academic Staff at the University of Alberta (AASUA) are also members of the pension plan. Their contribution rates are the same as at the Universities of Alberta, Calgary, and Lethbridge except for AUFA which is the same as at Athabasca University.

B. ON SALARY ABOVE THE PENSIONABLE SALARY CAP (\$218,991.11 IN 2026)

On the portion of *salary* above the *pensionable salary cap*, both you and your employer pay additional contributions of 2.015% which are directed towards the pre-1992 *unfunded liability*. Effective July 1, 2026, this rate increases to 2.11%.

The Government of Alberta contributes 1.25% of your total *salary* toward the UAPP's pre-1992 *unfunded liability*. The contribution rates in Section A above also include the additional contributions paid towards the pre-1992 liability. These contributions will cease when the pre-1992 liability has been fully funded.

INCOME TAX TREATMENT

Your contributions to the UAPP are tax-deductible. Each year, your pension contributions and your Pension Adjustment (PA) are reported to the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) on your T4 slip. Your PA estimates the dollar value of the pension you earned in a particular year (based on a formula under the Income Tax Act) and determines the amount, if any, that you can contribute to an RRSP. The CRA will advise you of the maximum RRSP contribution you can make each year.

PENSIONABLE SERVICE

Pensionable service is the period of service, expressed in years and portions thereof, for which you have established pension credits in the UAPP. Your pension will be based on your *pensionable service* and *highest average salary*. The maximum *pensionable service* you can accumulate is 35 years, including combined pensionable service.

INCREASING YOUR PENSIONABLE SERVICE

You may be able to increase your *pensionable service* by purchasing a period of prior service or leave, during which time you did not make pension contributions. Prior service includes:



- a period of employment with any participating employer during which time you did not make pension contributions, such as work as a sessional employee.
- a period of *pensionable service* with an employer outside the UAPP provided you meet all the required conditions.

Service with a participating employer during which time you did not make pension contributions and service with an employer outside the UAPP is costed on an actuarial reserve basis.

Academic members have two years from the date of receiving a tenured contract with a participating employer to purchase prior service. Non-academic members have two years from the date of commencement of continuous employment to purchase prior service.

The Income Tax Act imposes many restrictions and conditions on the purchase of prior service. Please contact your employer's Human Resources Department for more information on purchasing periods of prior service or establishing pension credits for leave periods. Information Sheets on [Purchasing Prior Service](#) and [Establishing Pension Credits for Leave Periods](#) are available on the UAPP website at uapp.ca under "[Publications](#)".

If you decide to establish pension credits for a period of leave before May 1 of the year following the year in which the leave period ended, then the cost will equal the employer and employee contributions that would have been made on the service plus *interest*. If you delay the decision beyond April 30 of the calendar year following the year in which the leave period ended, then the service will be costed on an actuarial reserve basis. Also, you may need to obtain a certification under the Income Tax Act that you have sufficient unused RRSP contribution room to make the purchase.

If you decide to establish pension credits for a period of leave before the end of April following the year in which the leave period terminated, the purchase will not result in a Past Service Pension Adjustment (PSPA) under the Income Tax Act.

COMBINED PENSIONABLE SERVICE



After 1993, if you move between the Public Service Pension Plan (PSPP), which serves non-academic employees, and the UAPP with the same employer and without a break in service, your *pensionable service* under both plans is referred to as combined pensionable service.

Combined pensionable service, rather than membership in the UAPP alone, will be used to calculate your *highest average salary* and to determine the extent of any early retirement reduction for your pensions from both the UAPP and the PSPP.

Contact your employer to learn whether you qualify for combined pensionable service, and how this will affect your pension.

The UAPP is administered independently from the PSPP. If you have benefits in both plans, you will receive two separate pension payments.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS (PENSION FORMULA)

NORMAL OR POSTPONED RETIREMENT

You can retire on or after your *normal retirement date* with any length of *pensionable service*. However, you must commence your pension prior to the end of the year in which you reach age 69. Your gross annual pension will be calculated as follows:

2% of <i>highest average salary</i>	x	<i>pensionable service</i> before 1992
Plus		
2% of highest average capped salary ¹	x	<i>pensionable service</i> in 1992 and 1993
Plus		
2% of <i>highest average capped salary</i> ²	x	<i>pensionable service</i> from January 1, 1994
Less		
0.6% of the average <i>YMPE</i>	x	<i>pensionable service</i> from January 1, 1994

All pension amounts included in this Member Handbook and shown on the Plan Member Portal are gross (before tax) amounts.

EARLY RETIREMENT

You can retire before your *normal retirement date* but must be at least age 55. Your gross annual pension will be:

Up to age 65:

$$\begin{aligned} &2\% \text{ of } \textit{highest average salary} && \times && \textit{pensionable service before 1992} \\ &\text{Plus} \\ &2\% \text{ of highest average capped salary}^1 && \times && \textit{pensionable service in 1992 and 1993} \\ &\text{Plus} \\ &2\% \text{ of } \textit{highest average capped salary}^2 && \times && \textit{pensionable service from January 1, 1994} \\ & && \times && \textit{reduction factor}^1 \end{aligned}$$

After age 65, reduced by:

$$\begin{aligned} &0.6\% \text{ of the average } \textit{YMPE} && \times && \textit{pensionable service from January 1, 1994} \\ & && \times && \textit{reduction factor}^1 \end{aligned}$$

¹Your *highest average capped salary* for 1992 and 1993 could be different than your *highest average capped salary* from January 1, 1994 due to the change in the pension plan's formula.

²Your pension for service from January 1, 1994 is reduced by 3% for each year that you are under age 60, or for each year when the sum of your age and your years of *pensionable service* is less than 80, whichever gives the smaller reduction.

MAXIMUM PENSION AMOUNTS

The Income Tax Act places a limit on the amount of annual pension that can be earned by a member of a Registered Pension Plan. For UAPP, these limits are in place for *pensionable service* after 1991. The maximum pension amount is calculated annually by Canada Revenue Agency and is used to determine the *highest average capped salary* levels applicable for the plan.

INCOME TAX

Your pension from the UAPP is subject to withholding tax.

Each year, your pension paid and your tax withheld are reported to the Canada Revenue Agency on your T4A slip, which you will receive from CIBC Mellon (1.800.565.0479). If you are registered on the [UAPP/CIBC Mellon Plan Member Portal for retired members](#), you can download your T4A slip directly from there. It is important that you include this information on your annual income tax return.

NORMAL FORM OF PENSION

The amount produced by the pension formula (see RETIREMENT BENEFITS (PENSION FORMULA) section) gives the normal form of pension, as described below. Subject to the restrictions under spousal protection, you must convert both normal forms of pension for service before and after 1994 into the same optional form of pension. **This means that one or both portions of the pension must be converted from the normal form to an optional form with the same type of survivor benefits.**

For service from January 1, 1994, the normal form of pension is as follows (see GLOSSARY for the UAPP definition of *spouse*):

If you have a *spouse* at retirement:

The normal form of pension is payable for your lifetime and, if your *spouse* is still alive when you die, your *spouse* will receive a pension equal to 2/3 of your pension for the rest of his or her life.

If you do not have a *spouse* at retirement¹:

The normal form of pension is payable for your lifetime and, if you die within 10 years of starting your pension, the payments continue to your *beneficiary(ies)* for the balance of the 10-year guarantee period.

For service before January 1, 1994, the normal form of pension does not depend on whether you have a *spouse*. The normal form for pre-1994 service is a pension payable for your lifetime, but, if you die within 15 years of starting your pension, payments will continue to your *beneficiary(ies)* for the balance of the 15-year guarantee period.

¹ Or if you do have a *spouse* at retirement, but a valid waiver form or statutory declaration has been signed (see SPOUSAL PROTECTION section).



OPTIONAL FORMS OF PENSION

Several different forms of pension are available to suit your personal circumstances, and these optional forms of pension are described below. You will be asked to elect a form of pension at the time you retire. **If you have a *spouse* on your retirement date, you must choose a joint life pension option unless your *spouse* signs the spousal waiver form** (see SPOUSAL PROTECTION section).

All pensions are paid for your lifetime. The monthly pension amount will vary under each option because of the difference in the value of benefits paid to your survivors or your estate. **Once a payment is made, your choice cannot be changed,** so you should carefully consider all options before making your decision.

Your benefit or pension choice is final once the benefit has been paid or the pension has commenced. Therefore, carefully consider your options before making a choice.

Joint Life Pension: 2/3 Spousal

This pension is paid for your lifetime. If you die before your *spouse*, 2/3 of your pension will be paid to your *spouse* for the remainder of his or her lifetime. If your *spouse* dies before you, your pension is not reduced and continues for the rest of your life.

You can also select a 2/3 Spousal Pension with a 10-year guaranteed term. Under this option, if both you and your *spouse* die within 10 years of the pension starting, the *beneficiary(ies)* will receive the balance of the guaranteed payments.

If you have a *spouse* on your retirement date, you must choose a joint life pension option with your *spouse* unless your *spouse* signs the spousal waiver form.

100% Spousal

This pension is paid for your lifetime. If you die before your *spouse*, 100% of your pension will be paid to your *spouse* for the remainder of his or her lifetime. If your *spouse* dies before you, your pension is not reduced and continues for the rest of your life.

You can also select a 100% Spousal Pension with a 10-year guaranteed term. Under this option, if both you and your *spouse* die within 10 years of the pension starting, the *beneficiary(ies)* will receive the balance of the guaranteed payments.

Single Life Pension:

No Guarantee or Guarantee of 5, 10, or 15 Years

A single life pension is paid for your lifetime and stops at the end of the month in which you die, unless a guarantee period remains. If you elected an option with a guarantee and die before the end of a guaranteed term of 5, 10, or 15 years, your *beneficiary(ies)* will receive the balance of the guaranteed payments. If you have a *spouse* on your retirement date, this option is only available if he or she completes a signed spousal waiver form.

LEAVING THE PLAN BEFORE RETIREMENT

Your age at the time you terminate employment from a participating employer of the UAPP may impact the available mode(s) of payment of your plan benefits.



If you are under the age of 55 at your termination date, you can elect to a) transfer your funds out of the pension plan or b) leave your funds in the pension plan to receive a deferred pension. If you are age 55 or over at your termination date, you must receive a deferred or immediate monthly pension from the pension plan.

Once any payment is made from the plan, your choice cannot be changed, so you should carefully consider all options before making your decision. If you receive a payment from the UAPP in cash, it is subject to income tax in the year in which payment is issued.

If you transfer funds directly from the UAPP to your RRSP or *LIRA*, no income tax is payable, provided the transfer amount is within the limits set out in the Income Tax Act. Income tax will be deducted on amounts exceeding these limits and such funds cannot be transferred to an RRSP or *LIRA*. You may also be able to transfer your funds to your new employer's registered pension plan, in which case the transfer would be on a tax-sheltered basis.

Under the UAPP, you must commence your pension before the end of the year in which you reach age 69. At that point, you may continue working, but you can no longer contribute to the UAPP, nor can you accrue more *pensionable service* in the pension plan.

A pensioner audit is conducted regularly by UAPP to ensure pensions are paid to the right persons and that they comply with the option elected at retirement.

The table on the following page summarizes the benefits to which you are entitled based on your age at the date of termination of your employment.

Under Age 55	Age 55 or older
<p>You may choose one of the following two options: Option 1: Deferred pension commencing on or after age 55. Option 2: Transfer of the following amounts:¹ For service before January 1, 1994, the greater of: a. All contributions made by you and your employer plus <i>interest</i>, or b. The <i>commuted value</i>⁵ of your pension earned before 1994, plus any excess² employee contributions. For service from January 1, 1994, the greater of:³ a. 1.75 times the regular service⁴ contributions made by you, plus <i>interest</i>, and any contributions made by you for a leave of absence without pay where you paid both the employee and the employer contributions, plus interest, or b. The <i>commuted value</i>⁵ of your pension earned on or after January 1, 1994, plus any excess² employee contributions.</p>	<p>Immediate or deferred pension (see RETIREMENT BENEFITS (PENSION FORMULA) section)</p>

¹ **Locking-in.** Benefits from the UAPP for service on or after January 1, 1994, are locked-in (other than amounts that are greater than the *commuted value*). Benefits that relate to service before January 1, 1994, are not locked-in, except where the funds were transferred into the pension plan under a reciprocal agreement. A locked-in benefit can be unlocked in situations such as financial hardship, non-residency, or shortened life expectancy. A benefit is not locked-in if it qualifies as a small benefit under the Employment Pension Plans Act (i.e. the *commuted value* is less than 20% of the *YMPE* for the calendar year in which the *commuted value* calculation occurs).

² **Excess Employee Contributions.** For *commuted value* on regular service, the employer contributions made to the UAPP on your behalf must fund at least one-half of the *commuted value*. If your own regular service contributions plus *interest* add up to more than one-half of the *commuted value* of your regular service pension, the difference is referred to as excess employee contributions.

³ **Prior Service and Reciprocal Agreement Service.** If you purchased prior service where your application was made on or after January 1, 1994, or if you transferred funds to the UAPP on or after January 1, 1994, under a reciprocal agreement, that prior service or reciprocal agreement service will be treated separately. You will first receive a refund of those prior service or reciprocal agreement contributions, plus *interest*. The balance of your termination benefit will then be determined excluding that prior service or reciprocal agreement service.

⁴ **Regular Service** refers to service on which your employer made the employer contributions.

⁵ **Tax-Sheltered Transfer Limits.** If you transfer funds directly from the UAPP to your RRSP or *LIRA*, no income tax is payable, provided the transfer amount is within the limits set out in the Income Tax Act. Income tax will be deducted on amounts exceeding these limits and such funds cannot be transferred to an RRSP or *LIRA*. Funds transferred to a new employer's registered pension plan are also done on a tax-sheltered basis.

DEATH



DEATH BEFORE RETIREMENT

If you die before you retire from the UAPP, your surviving *spouse*, if applicable, is eligible to receive a lifetime survivor pension payable as if you retired the day prior to your death. If you are under the age of 55 and had a *spouse* at the date of death, the surviving *spouse* is entitled to a lump sum transfer to a *LIRA* in lieu of the monthly pension.

See Glossary for the UAPP definition of "spouse".

If you do not have a surviving *spouse* at your date of death, your last-named *beneficiary*, or estate if no *beneficiary* has been filed with your employer, will receive a lump sum payout of your pension in cash.

Lump sums payable on death are equal to the Option 2 amounts given in the table under Leaving the Plan Before Retirement section of this Handbook.

If a payment is made from the UAPP in cash, it is subject to income tax in the year in which payment is issued. If funds are transferred directly from the UAPP to your surviving *spouse's LIRA*, no income tax is payable. Note that, if you have a *spouse* when you die before retirement, your *spouse* is automatically your *beneficiary*.

DEATH AFTER RETIREMENT

If you die after you retire from the UAPP, any further benefits payable will depend on the form of pension you elected at retirement and whether your *spouse* is still alive. The forms of pension normally offered are summarized in the Optional Forms of Pension section of this Handbook.

If you elected a Joint Life pension, the pension will continue to the *spouse* you named at retirement for as long as they live. If your *spouse* has already died and there is a guarantee period which has not yet expired, a lump sum of the remaining payments will be paid to your last-named *beneficiary(ies)* or estate. If both you and your *spouse* have died, and the guarantee period has expired, no further payments are made.

If you elected a Single Life pension and there is a guarantee period which has not yet expired, a lump sum of the remaining payments will be paid to your last-named *beneficiary(ies)* or estate. If the guarantee period has expired, no further payments are made.

SPOUSAL PROTECTION

If you have a *spouse* on your retirement date, you must select a Joint Life Pension with your *spouse* as the joint annuitant (see OPTIONAL FORMS OF PENSION section for a description of the different forms of pension payment) unless your *spouse* signs the appropriate waiver form within 90 days preceding your pension commencement date. However, if the waiver form is signed, the normal pension for post-1993 service becomes that for a single person, namely a Single Life Pension guaranteed 10 years.

Your *spouse* is your *beneficiary* in the event of your death prior to retirement unless the *spouse* has signed a pre-retirement spousal waiver form.

Note that the UAPP definition of *spouse* includes a person to whom you are legally married but are separated from for more than three years unless you have a common-law *spouse*. However, if you do not have a common-law *spouse* and wish to exclude your legally-married *spouse* (from whom you have been separated for more than three years) from the spousal protection provision, you must file a declaration of your status with the UAPP. Members are strongly advised to seek legal advice before filing such a declaration.

As the retiring pension plan member, you will receive your monthly pension for as long as you live, regardless of the optional form elected at retirement. A guarantee period refers to whether there are residual pension payments to be made after your death. If you elect a Joint Life pension option at retirement, the monthly pension will be paid for as long as your surviving spouse lives as well.

RELATIONSHIP BREAKDOWN

Your *spouse* continues to be your *spouse* for UAPP purposes until you are no longer legally married or have been separated for more than three years. After three years of separation, your legal *spouse* continues to be your *spouse* for UAPP benefits until you either acquire a common-law *spouse* who meets the UAPP definition of *spouse*, or you file a prescribed declaration with the Board (see GLOSSARY section for the UAPP definition of *spouse*).

The right of any person to receive a benefit under the UAPP is subject to the rights of a spouse or former spouse under a Family (or Matrimonial) Property Order (FPO or MPO).

The rules for division and distribution of pension entitlements when a relationship breaks down are set out in the Employment Pension Plans Act and Regulations (EPPA). While the specific legislative requirements for division and distribution of pension entitlements are described in the EPPA, the Alberta Superintendent of Pensions' Interpretive Guideline IG-05 provides a general explanation of these provisions which is available on alberta.ca/pensions-interpretive-guidelines-rates-capsa.



Briefly, some of the main provisions are:

- The EPPA sets standards for the terms of a *spouse's* share of pension entitlement but does not require that a *spouse's* share of the pension entitlement be necessarily satisfied by a transfer from the pension plan or splitting of the pension. The *spouse's* share of the pension entitlement may be satisfied by agreement by trading off other assets of equal value.
- The *spouse's* share that can be paid out of a pension plan is limited to 50% of the value of the benefits earned during the period of joint accrual as established by the FPO/MPO.
- An FPO/MPO or a Consent Order or a similar order enforceable in Alberta that complies with the requirements of the EPPA must be filed with the UAPP Trustees' Office before division and distribution of pension benefits can occur.
- UAPP provisions for distribution of pension entitlements to a *spouse* pursuant to an FPO/MPO specify that if a member is already receiving a pension at the time of division, the *spouse's* share of the pension will be paid to him or her as a pension on the same basis as is paid to the member.

Your *spouse* is automatically your *beneficiary* under the UAPP. If you do not have a *spouse* as defined under the UAPP, you can designate another person or entity as a *beneficiary* under the pension plan. In that case, the funds will be paid to that person or entity instead of your estate.

-
- If a pension is not already being paid, then:
 - a) if the member is under age 55, the *spouse's* share of the relevant *commuted value* will be paid in a lump sum.
 - b) if the member is over age 55, the *spouse* may choose to receive his or her share immediately or delay division and distribution until the date when the member ultimately commences a pension, terminates, or dies. In both cases, the *spouse's* share of the relevant *commuted value* will be paid in a lump sum.
 - All payments to the *spouse* will be subject to the locking-in provisions under the EPPA.
 - Any benefits paid to a *spouse* pursuant to an FPO/MPO will result in an appropriate adjustment to the member's entitlement.

If you are thinking of getting ready for retirement, please consult the Information Sheet "[Preparing for Retirement](#)", available at uapp.ca under "[Publications](#)".

COST-OF-LIVING INCREASES (INFLATION PROTECTION)

Once your pension commences, your monthly pension payments will be increased on January 1 of each year by a cost-of-living adjustment equal to 60 per cent of the average increase in Alberta's Consumer Price Index for the 12-month period ending October 31 of the previous year. The first such increase after pension commencement is pro-rated based on the number of complete months the pension was in payment.

If you have terminated your employment and are entitled to a deferred pension, then the annual cost-of-living adjustment is also applied to your pension during the deferral period. If your *salary* before termination is close to, or above the *pensionable salary cap*, your cost-of-living adjustments during the deferral period may be limited so that your pension at commencement does not exceed the maximum amounts allowed by the Income Tax Act. A summary of the historical cost-of-living adjustments granted under the UAPP is available at uapp.ca under [Cost-of-Living Adjustment](#).

EXAMPLES OF PENSION CALCULATIONS

The following three examples of retirement pension calculations illustrate a variety of different situations:

- **Example 1** shows the pension for a member who chooses the Joint Life Pension - 2/3 Spousal with a *spouse* who is older than the member, and illustrates the impact of the *pensionable salary cap*.
- **Example 2** covers the same pension option choice but with a *spouse* who is younger than the member, and the member's earnings are not impacted by the *pensionable salary cap*.
- **Example 3** shows the pension for a single member who chooses a Single Life Pension guaranteed 10 years and illustrates the impact of the early retirement reduction.

Please note the following about the examples given:

1. The examples are provided for illustration purposes only. Your pension will depend on your *pensionable service*, your *highest average salary* and/or *highest average capped salary*, as applicable, your age at retirement, and the age of your *spouse* on your retirement date, if applicable.
2. For service from January 1, 1992, your *highest average salary* will be limited to the *highest average capped salary*.
3. For simplicity, cost-of-living adjustments have not been included in the examples.
4. The amounts shown in the examples are annual pension amounts. Pensioners receive one-twelfth of the annual amount at the end of each month.
5. The results in the examples may change because of periodic changes to *YMPE*, maximum pension limits, and actuarial assumptions, and would also be subject to any future changes in the Sponsorship and Trust Agreement and any other applicable laws and rules.
6. **All pension amounts shown are gross amounts.** Income tax will be withheld at source by CIBC Mellon.
7. Remember that no *pensionable salary cap* applies for service prior to 1992, but a *pensionable salary cap* applies to 1992 and 1993 service and a different *pensionable salary cap* applies to post-1993 service as shown in the examples.

Your retirement date can be on any date between your 55th birthday and the end of the year in which you reach age 69.
You do not have to retire on your birthday, at the beginning or end of any month, or on June 30 of any particular year.

Example 1 (Member with a spouse at retirement and salary above the salary cap)

The following illustrates the pension calculation for a member who retires at age 60 with 33.5 years of *pensionable service* on June 30, 2026 (for the purpose of this example assume the member had no service credited for 2005 and 2006), with the *highest average salary* of \$225,000. The member has a *spouse* who is **2 years older** and chooses a pension payable for the member's lifetime and, upon the member's death, 2/3 of the pension the member was receiving will be paid to the surviving *spouse* for life.

Highest average salary:

Service before 1992 (no <i>pensionable salary cap</i> applies):	\$225,000
Service in 1992-1993 (<i>pensionable salary cap</i> of \$178,822 applies):	\$178,822
Service after 1993 (<i>pensionable salary cap</i> of \$199,186 applies):	\$199,186

Average YMPE for July 1, 2021 - June 30, 2026: \$67,880

Years of <i>pensionable service</i>:		
Before January 1, 1992:		1.0
In 1992 and 1993:		2.0
From January 1, 1994:		<u>30.5</u>
Total years of <i>pensionable service</i> :		33.5

Member's age at retirement: 60

Pension for service before 1992: \$225,000 x 2% x 1.0 \$4,500

Pension for service in 1992-93: \$178,822 x 2% x 2.0 \$7,153

\$11,653

Cost of conversion to ¹2/3 spousal option: (\$436)

\$11,217

Pension for service after 1993: (\$199,186 - \$67,880) x 2% x 30.5 \$80,097

\$67,880 x 1.4% x 30.5 \$28,985

\$109,082

Pension payable after age 65: **\$120,299**

Bridge benefit payable up to age 65: \$67,880 x 0.6% x 30.5 \$12,422

Pension payable up to age 65: \$132,721

¹ The pension for service before 1994 is converted from a Single Life Pension guaranteed for 15 years to a Joint Life Pension - 2/3 Spousal. The younger the *spouse*, the higher the cost of spousal protection on the pre-1994 service.

If the member were to choose a pension for life with 100% of the pension continuing to the *spouse* (Joint Life Pension - 100% Spousal), then the pension for service before and after 1994 would need to be converted. In that case, the total cost of conversion would be \$3,731 for the member retiring at age 60.

Example 2 (Member with a spouse at retirement and salary below the salary cap)

The following illustrates the pension calculation for a member who retires at age 60 with 34.5 years of *pensionable service* on June 30, 2026 with the *highest average salary* of \$100,000.

The member has a *spouse* who is **2 years younger** and chooses a pension payable for the member's lifetime and upon the member's death, 2/3 of the pension the member was receiving will be paid to the surviving *spouse* for life, if applicable

All monthly pensions paid from the UAPP are subject to withholding tax.

Highest average salary:	\$100,000
Average YMPE for July 1, 2021 - June 30, 2026:	\$67,880
Years of pensionable service: Before January 1, 1994:	2.0
From January 1, 1994:	<u>32.5</u>
Total years of <i>pensionable service</i> :	34.5
Member's age at retirement:	60
Pension for service before 1994: $\$100,000 \times 2\% \times 2.0$	\$4,000
Cost of conversion to 2/3 spousal option :	<u>(\$215)</u>
	\$3,785
Pension for service after 1993: $(\$100,000 - \$67,880) \times 2\% \times 32.5$	\$20,878
$\$67,880 \times 1.4\% \times 32.5$	<u>\$30,885</u>
	<u>\$51,763</u>
Pension payable after age 65:	\$55,548
Bridge benefit payable up to age 65: $\$67,880 \times 0.6\% \times 32.5$	<u>\$13,237</u>
Pension payable up to age 65:	<u>\$68,785</u>

² The pension for service before 1994 is converted from a Single Life Pension guaranteed for 15 years to a Joint Life Pension - 2/3 Spousal. The younger the *spouse*, the higher the cost of spousal protection on the pre-1994 service.

If the member were to choose a pension for life with 100% of the pension continuing to the *spouse* (Joint Life Pension - 100% Spousal), then the pension for service before and after 1994 would need to be converted. In that case, the total cost of conversion would be \$2,154 for the member retiring at age 60.

The examples are provided for illustration purposes only.

Example 3 (Member without a spouse, with an early retirement reduction)

The following illustrates the pension calculation for a member who retires at age 55 with 24.5 years of service on June 30, 2026 with the *highest average salary* of \$100,000. The member has no *spouse* or has a *spouse* who has signed the spousal waiver form. The member chooses a Single Life Pension guaranteed for 10 years.

Highest average salary:		\$100,000
Average YMPE for July 1, 2021 - June 30, 2026:		\$67,880
Years of pensionable service:	Before January 1, 1994:	1.0
	From January 1, 1994:	<u>23.5</u>
	Total years of pensionable service:	24.5
Member's age at retirement:		55
Years to age 60:		5
Years to earliest of age 60 or 80 factor: 80 - (55 + 24.5)		0.5
Early retirement reduction:	0.5 years x 3% per year	1.5%
Early Retirement Factor:	(100 - 1.5) / 100	0.985
Pension for service before 1994:	$\$100,000 \times 2\% \times 1.0$	\$2,000
	Increase for conversion to single life guaranteed 10 years: ³	<u>\$13</u>
		\$2,013
Pension for service after 1993:	$(\$100,000 - \$67,880) \times 2\% \times 23.5 \times 0.985$	\$14,870
	$\$67,880 \times 1.4\% \times 23.5 \times 0.985$	<u>\$21,998</u>
		\$36,868
Pension payable after age 65:		\$38,881
Bridge benefit payable up to age 65: $\$67,880 \times 0.6\% \times 23.5 \times 0.985$		<u>\$9,428</u>
Pension payable up to age 65:		<u>\$48,309</u>

³ The pension for service before 1994 is converted from a Single Life Pension guaranteed for 15 years to a Single Life Pension guaranteed for 10 years. The lesser guarantee period results in an increase to the pension amount.

To estimate your own UAPP pension, please go to uapp.ca and click on the Plan Member Portal link. For login enquiries, please call UAPP toll-free at 1.888.339.1546 (toll-free within North America) or 1.780.612.4259 (collect, outside North America).

RETIREMENT PROCESS

The process to receive your UAPP benefit is as follows:

- 1) You (or your *beneficiary* on death) notify your employer of your termination or retirement (or death). It is recommended to provide your employer with 90 days notice.
- 2) Your employer provides data and other required information to UAPP.
- 3) UAPP calculates your benefit and provides your options package directly to you.
- 4) You (or your *beneficiary*) complete the options package and return it to UAPP.
- 5) UAPP provides CIBC Mellon with your payment instructions.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

What if I can't access the Plan Member Portal?

Call UAPP at 1.888.339.1546 (toll-free within North America) or 1.780.612.4259 (collect, outside North America) if you need help accessing the Plan Member Portal.

What if my contact information changes?

It is important that you keep your contact information current. Active members should notify their employer about any changes to their address.

It is particularly vital that pensioners and other terminated members ensure that the UAPP has their current contact information in case the UAPP needs to contact them about their pension. Annual tax forms are mailed to the address on file. Pensioners or their agents should contact CIBC Mellon directly at 1.800.565.0479 to update their information. Other terminated members should contact UAPP at 1.888.339.1546 (toll-free within North America) or 1.780.612.4259 (collect, outside North America) in this regard.

What if I disagree with a decision regarding my pension?

If you disagree with a decision affecting your pension entitlement or rights under the pension plan, first contact your employer who will arrange for a review of your situation. If after this review you continue to feel that the pension plan rules have not been properly applied in your case, you can request a Board review by sending a letter to the Chief Executive Officer at the Universities Academic Pension Plan, #1850, 10303 Jasper Avenue, Edmonton, AB T5J 3N6.

What if I become disabled?

If you are disabled and are receiving benefits under your employer's long-term disability plan, your contributions will continue, and you will continue to accrue *pensionable service*.

If you are disabled and are not covered under a long-term disability plan, you may apply for a disability pension from the UAPP.

What if I return to work after retirement?

You can work for any employer not participating in the UAPP with no effect on your pension. If you return to work for a UAPP employer in an eligible position while you are receiving a UAPP retirement pension, you can choose whether to rejoin the pension plan or not. If you choose not to rejoin the UAPP, your pension will continue without change.

If you choose to rejoin the pension plan and start making UAPP contributions again, your pension will cease while you are a pension plan contributor, and you must continue to make pension contributions while you remain in an eligible position. When you again terminate employment, you can apply to recommence your pension. The amount of pension payable on your second retirement date will be the sum of your earlier pension and the portion you earned during your most recent period of *Plan membership*. When the earlier pension resumes, it will be adjusted for any cost-of-living increases awarded during the period of pension suspension and will also be recalculated to reflect your new early retirement factor, if applicable.

It is important to note that any pension otherwise payable during a period where the payments are suspended is forfeited and not paid out at a later date.

Under the UAPP plan provisions, you must commence your pension before the end of the year in which you turn age 69. You do not have to cease employment at that time, but you must commence your UAPP pension.

FEDERAL RETIREMENT PROGRAMS

The following general information regarding Canada Pension Plan (CPP) and Old Age Security (OAS) benefits may assist you in estimating your total income during retirement. For up-to-date information about CPP and OAS, including details about how to apply for these benefits, you can contact Service Canada at 1.800.277.9914 (toll-free) or visit the www.canada.ca/en/services/benefits/publicpensions.html.

CANADA PENSION PLAN (CPP)

The CPP pension is designed to replace a percentage of the earnings on which you made contributions to the plan. The CPP maximum retirement pension payable in 2026 is \$1,507.65 per month. Your CPP pension may be lower than the maximum, depending on your average CPP earnings and the length of time you made contributions to the plan since age 18.

A statement showing your historical CPP earnings and contributions, and estimating your CPP pension, is available from Service Canada. Your CPP pension is adjusted each January to reflect increases in the Consumer Price Index for Canada.

Though the normal retirement age under the CPP is 65, you can start receiving a pension after age 60 or delay receiving it to as late as age 70.

If you commence receiving a CPP pension before age 65, an early retirement reduction factor of 0.6% will be applied for each month that you are under age 65. Also, if you start to receive a CPP pension prior to age 65 and continue working, you will be required to contribute to the CPP until age 65 and will earn additional benefits.

If you delay collecting a CPP pension past age 65, your pension will be increased by a factor of 0.7% per month up to age 70, based on the number of months that you are over age 65. If you work past age 65, you can also elect to contribute to the CPP and earn additional benefits.

There is no financial benefit in delaying taking your CPP pension after age 70.

If you and your spouse (as defined by CPP) are in a continuing relationship, and you are both in receipt of CPP retirement benefits, you can apply to "share" the CPP you both earned during your marriage. If you and your spouse (as defined by CPP) are divorced or separated, contributions made by either of you during your marriage or common-law union can be divided equally.

Enhancements to the CPP are gradually being phased in over a seven-year period, beginning January 1, 2019. These enhancements include an increase in the income replacement level from 25% to one-third, the introduction of additional benefits earned above the *YMPE*, and tax deductibility of employee contributions of the enhanced portion of the CPP.

It is important to apply for CPP and OAS benefits on a timely basis. A delay in applying can result in lost benefits. Service Canada suggests that you apply at least six months before the effective date of your pension.

OLD AGE SECURITY (OAS)

The Old Age Security program provides seniors with a basic retirement income, commencing at age 65. Unlike CPP, the OAS is not a contribution-based plan, and the benefits cannot start before age 65. Your OAS benefits become payable at age 65, or when you make application, whichever is later.

As of January 2026, the maximum OAS pension is \$742.31 per month for recipients under age 75 and \$816.54 for recipients age 75 and older. You are eligible for the maximum OAS benefit if you meet the residency requirements (generally, 40 years). If your period of residency in Canada does not entitle you to the maximum OAS benefit, but you have at least 10 years of residency in Canada, you may qualify for a prorated OAS pension. If you have lived and/or worked in Canada and in another country, and do not meet the contributory or residence requirement for a Canada Pension Plan or Old Age Security benefit, a social security agreement may help you qualify. It might also provide benefits to your surviving spouse, common law partner or children. For more information regarding your eligibility for the OAS benefit consult their [website](https://www.canada.ca/en/services/benefits/publicpensions/cpp/cpp-international/eligibility.html) at <https://www.canada.ca/en/services/benefits/publicpensions/cpp/cpp-international/eligibility.html>.

Also, your OAS benefit will be reduced by 15 cents for every dollar of your individual income above the specified level for that year (\$95,323 in 2026). For example, if a pensioner was to receive maximum OAS benefits of \$8,907.72 in 2026, but had other net income of \$87,000.00 in 2026, the OAS benefit will be reduced by \$87.71, calculated as 15% of (\$87,000.00 plus \$8,907.72 minus \$95,323.00). The reduction is normally withheld from OAS payments.

OAS benefits are adjusted every three months to reflect increases in the Consumer Price Index (Canada) and are subject to income tax.

GLOSSARY

ACTUARIAL VALUATION

An *actuarial valuation* is the process of measuring the funded status of the pension plan and the level of contributions required to fund the benefits of the plan. An *actuarial valuation* is prepared by a qualified actuary who is a member of the Canadian Institute of Actuaries.

BENEFICIARY(IES)

Under the UAPP, your *spouse* is automatically your *beneficiary* if you die before retirement. If you do not have a *spouse* at the time of death, your *beneficiary(ies)* is/are the person(s) or entities designated by you to receive benefits payable from the pension plan in the event of your death. If you do not name a *beneficiary* and you do not have a *spouse*, your estate becomes your *beneficiary*.

BRIDGE BENEFIT

The *bridge benefit* is an additional pension (for members who retire prior to age 65) paid until the end of the month in which the member reaches age 65. The benefit is equal to 0.6% of the lesser of (i) the member's *highest average salary* for post-1993 service, and (ii) the member's final average *YMPE*. The benefit is reduced by any early retirement factor that may be applicable to the pension.

COMMUTED VALUE

The lump sum of money that represents the value of your pension earned to a specified date is called the *commuted value*. The lump sum is determined using several factors, including your age and the long-term bond rates prevailing at the time of calculation, determined in accordance with actuarial standards. The lower the bond rates, the higher the *commuted value* and, conversely, the higher the rates, the lower the *commuted value*.

HIGHEST AVERAGE CAPPED SALARY

Your average annual *pensionable salary* for the 60 consecutive months of your service during which such average was the highest, where earnings above the *pensionable salary cap* are excluded, is considered your *highest average capped salary*.

HIGHEST AVERAGE SALARY

Your average annual *pensionable salary* for the 60 consecutive months of your *Plan membership* during which such average was the highest is considered your *highest average salary*. If you have less than 60 months of *Plan membership*, your *highest average salary* will be determined over your entire period of *Plan membership*.

INTEREST

Interest is credited each year on member contributions at the average yield of the 5-year personal fixed term chartered bank deposit rates in the year. For 2025, the *interest* applied to contributions is 2.68%.

LOCKED-IN RETIREMENT ACCOUNT (LIRA)

A *LIRA* is an RRSP that is locked-in and which must be used to provide you with lifetime retirement income commencing on or after you reach age 50. Most financial institutions offer *LIRAs*.

NORMAL RETIREMENT DATE

Your *normal retirement date* is the June 30th immediately following your 65th birthday.

PENSIONABLE SALARY

Pensionable salary is *salary* on which pension contributions and benefits are based. For service on and after January 1, 1992, *pensionable salary* does not include earnings in excess of the *pensionable salary cap*.

PENSIONABLE SALARY CAP

The *pensionable salary cap* changes from year to year and is equal to the *salary* that produces the maximum UAPP benefit accrual allowed for that year by the Income Tax Act under a registered pension plan. The *pensionable salary cap* for recent years for *pensionable service* accrued from January 1, 1994 is:

2022	\$190,470.00
2023	\$195,313.33
2024	\$201,050.00
2025	\$209,223.33
2026	\$218,991.11

Because the UAPP benefit accrual formula was different for *pensionable service* accrued during 1992 and 1993, the *pensionable salary cap* for those years is different:

2022	\$171,000.00
2023	\$175,333.33
2024	\$180,500.00
2025	\$187,833.33
2026	\$196,611.11

No *pensionable salary cap* applies for *pensionable service* accrued prior to 1992.

PENSIONABLE SERVICE

Pensionable service is the period of service, expressed in years, during which you contribute to the pension plan, or the period for which you have established pension credits. The maximum *pensionable service* is 35 years (including combined pensionable service).

PLAN MEMBERSHIP

Plan membership is the period during which you remain employed by a participating employer after you become a member of the UAPP. It includes periods of approved leave of absence and periods of optional service purchased. If you have two or more separate periods of *Plan membership* and, provided you have not received a benefit from the pension plan in respect of an earlier vested period, then all of your periods of membership in the plan can be combined to determine your total *Plan membership*.

SALARY

Salary is basic pay for the performance of regular duties. This does not include earnings such as overtime pay or one-time lump sum bonuses.

SPOUSE

Persons are partners on any date on which one of the following applies:

- (i) married to each other and have not been living separate and apart from each other for a continuous period longer than 3 years
- (ii) if clause (i) does not apply, a person who has lived with that member or former member in a marriage-like relationship
 - (A) for a continuous period of at least 3 years preceding the date, or
 - (B) of some permanence, if there is a child of the relationship by birth or adoption.

UNFUNDED LIABILITY

An *unfunded liability* occurs when the *actuarial valuation* determines that a pension fund's accrued liabilities exceed the assets available for the payment of benefits.

VESTED/VESTING

Vested or *vesting* means you are eligible to receive a pension or the *commuted value* of the pension you have earned to the date of termination. You are immediately *vested* upon joining the pension plan.

YMPE (YEAR'S MAXIMUM PENSIONABLE EARNINGS)

The *YMPE* is the Year's Maximum Pensionable Earnings set each year by the Canada Pension Plan (CPP) on which you are required to make base CPP contributions. The average *YMPE* is the annual average of the *YMPE* over the same period as your *highest average salary*.

The *YMPE* for recent years is shown below:

2022	\$64,900.00
2023	\$66,600.00
2024	\$68,500.00
2025	\$71,300.00
2026	\$74,600.00



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